



IHR UPDATE

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Americans Rally for Zundel's Freedom IHR Demonstration in Los Angeles Generates Wide Media Attention, Provokes Zionist Counter-Rally



Supporters of freedom for Ernst Zundel rally at the Canadian Consulate in Los Angeles to protest his two years of detention in solitary confinement in Canada. The rally, and a counter-demonstration by the Jewish Defense League, generated unprecedented media attention for Zundel's plight. Pro-Zundel demonstrations were also held in other American cities, as well as in Canada, Japan and Sweden.

DEFENDERS OF FREE SPEECH rallied in coordinated demonstrations at Canadian diplomatic offices in Los Angeles, Seattle, San Francisco, and other cities on Friday and Saturday, Feb. 4 and 5, 2005, to protest the incarceration in Canada of Ernst Zundel, who has been held for nearly two years in solitary confinement on the pretext that he is a danger to national security.

The most important demonstration, organized by the Institute for Historical Review, was at the Canadian consulate in downtown Los Angeles, where about 30 men and women, including Zundel's

wife, Ingrid Rimland, gathered on Friday at noon. They carried signs reading "Shame on Canada!" and "Free Zundel." One man held up a large color poster of Zundel. IHR flyers headed "Free Ernst Zundel: Canada's Number One 'Thought Criminal'" (see page 8), were handed out to passersby.

Across the street, about 40 men and women staged a counter-demonstration organized by the Jewish Defense League. Dozens of Los Angeles police stood between the two contending groups to prevent violence.

The head of the Canadian diplomatic mission, Eric Pelletier, came outside to meet with IHR director Mark Weber and Ingrid Rimland. Weber handed the Consul a letter calling for Zundel's release, and Rimland gave the diplomat a petition signed by the demonstrators, and a file of pro-Zundel letters she had received from people around the world. Pelletier thanked Weber and Rimland for the items,

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Mark Weber and Ingrid Rimland meet with Canadian Consul Eric Pelletier

which he said would be forwarded to his government.

Weber addressed the gathering, expressing thanks to everyone who had come to show solidarity with Canada's foremost "political prisoner." He stressed the injustice of Zundel's incarceration, and the lies and criminal record of the Jewish Defense League.

Local media coverage of the demonstrations included reports on radio stations KFI and KFVB, and a film report on KTLA television with a portion of an interview with Rimland. In addition, newspapers across the US and Canada carried an AP report about the event. All this represented unprecedented media attention in the American media of Zundel's ordeal.

Elsewhere

In Washington, DC, a dozen Zundel supporters who met on Saturday outside the Canadian embassy were attacked by activists of the "Anti-Racist Action" (ARA), a militant Communist group. ARA thugs, some wearing masks, assaulted the demonstrators, threw urine bombs, and tore apart "Free Zundel!" signs.

In San Francisco, demonstrators carrying signs calling for Zundel's release met on Friday outside the Canadian consulate, and handed out flyers. Four persons went inside to meet with consular officials and present a letter of protest.

In Seattle, demonstrators carrying signs calling for Zundel's release assembled on Friday outside the Canadian consulate.

In Minneapolis the next day, a dozen men met for two hours outside the Canadian consulate, where they passed out flyers calling for Zundel's freedom.

In Tucson, an activist demonstrated outside the Canadian trade office, holding a "Free Ernst Zundel" sign and handing out copies of the IHR's Zundel flyer to interested persons.

In Canada, about 20 men and women braving frigid cold rallied on Saturday on behalf of Zundel outside the office in Edmonton of the deputy prime minister, who is responsible for border security. Paul Fromm, director of the Canadian Association for Free Expression, organized the demonstration, which received media attention across Canada.



Demonstrators in Seattle call for Zundel's release

In Japan, 30 persons holding signs reading "Free Zundel Now" and "Political Prisoner" gathered outside the Canadian embassy in Tokyo. The embassy called the police, who disbanded the peaceful demonstration.

In Sweden, about 20 persons rallied on Saturday at the Canadian embassy in central Stockholm to demand freedom for Zundel. The group also distributed hundreds of pro-Zundel flyers.

Ingrid Rimland Addresses IHR Meeting

In her address to a special IHR meeting in southern California on Thursday evening, Feb. 3, 2005, Ingrid Rimland spoke about her husband's ordeal, the experiences that shaped her historical outlook, and her commitment to the revisionist cause. Speaking, she said, "from the heart," this was her first public talk since her husband, Ernst Zundel, was arrested two years ago.

IHR director Mark Weber also addressed the gathering of some 40 men and women, which included numerous professional persons and a few children. (Both addresses can be heard on the "Audio Archives" section of the IHR website.)

Rimland explained that her view of World War II is very different than that of most Americans because it is based on unusual first-person



Ingrid Rimland addresses IHR meeting, Feb. 3

experiences. She spoke of her childhood in an ethnic German Mennonite community in the Soviet Union, recalling the day in 1941 when Soviet authorities took her father away, which she compared to the day in 2003 when US authorities took away her husband.

German forces arrived just as the remaining women and children of her community were about to be deported by the Soviets to Siberia. For the next two years, she said, they lived under German rule in peace and freedom, including religious freedom. Along with many others in central and eastern Europe during those years, she remembers the German soldiers as liberators and protectors. She said that she owes her life to the German army.

In 1943, as the tide of war changed, she joined many others in a great westward trek. She recalled her grim ordeal in Germany during the final months of the war and in the immediate postwar period, and her new life in South America and later in the United States.

In his address, Weber spoke about Ernst Zundel's character and personality, citing incidents from their relationship over the years. He recalled their first meeting in Toronto in 1988, when he testified as a witness in the second "Holocaust Trial."

Stressing the blatant injustice of Zundel's two years of detention in solitary confinement, Weber cited editorials in Canada's most prestigious daily newspaper, the *Globe and Mail*, that condemned his treatment. He is being held on a "guilt by association" pretext, the paper says, and acknowledges that he

poses no risk to people or property. "He has never been charged with a violent crime and does not urge others to commit violence," the Toronto daily noted. "The willingness of Canadian authorities to twist the narrow purpose of the security-trial legislation to go after Ernst Zundel is a blot on Canadian justice."

Irving, Weber Address IHR Meeting

An appreciative audience welcomed British historian David Irving and IHR director Mark Weber at a special IHR meeting, October 2, 2004, in southern California. Some 70 people, including a few children, attended the Saturday evening event, held in a hotel meeting room.

Sales of books and tapes at the meeting were brisk, and several attendees made generous donations to the IHR.

In his introduction of Irving, Weber praised the best-selling historian for his skill, energy and courage. He recounted their first meeting more than 20 years ago at the National Archives in Washington, DC, and their relationship in the years since, which has included lectures by Irving at IHR conferences and meetings, and addresses by Weber at two of Irving's "Real History" conferences.

Just a few weeks ago, Weber noted, Irving was barred from visiting New Zealand to accept an invitation to address the National Press Club there, on the pretext that he had been barred from Canada. Canadian authorities had banned Irving on the grounds that he was barred from Germany. And German authorities banned him because in April 1990 he had told an audience in Munich that the "gas chamber" shown to tourists at the Auschwitz I main camp is a fraudulent postwar reconstruction. Under German law, it simply does not matter that Irving's statement was true, as even establishment historians now acknowledge.

In the first of his two lectures at the IHR meeting, Irving took a critical look at the recently released Nine-Eleven Commission Report. He expressed disdain for President Bush's claim that the perpetrators of the attacks against the World Trade Center and the Pentagon were motivated by hatred of America's "freedoms." Instead, Irving stressed, and as the Commission Report itself makes clear, the primary motive of the perpetrators was rage against American foreign policy, above all, US support for Israel's brutal oppression of Palestinians.



Irving and Weber confer at the podium during the October 2 meeting

After a break, Irving returned to the podium to lecture about the devastating Allied air attack on Dresden in February 1945. His first book, *The Destruction of Dresden*, was issued in 1963, when he was in his mid-twenties. He spoke about the continuing debate over the number of victims, with death toll estimates ranging from about 30,000 to ten times that figure. In Irving's view, the most likely toll is about 135,000. The precise figure is difficult to establish. At the time of the attack, he explained, Dresden was packed with hundreds of thousands of refugees who were fleeing the advancing Red Army. Moreover, the bodies of many of the victims could not be counted because they had been incinerated in the intense heat, or were buried under rubble.

Mark Weber in his address (which can be heard through the "Audio Archive" section of the IHR website) said that the crucial factor behind the US invasion of Iraq was concern for Israel's security. This is so widely understood by Washington insiders that US Senator Ernest Hollings was moved last May to declare that the US invaded Iraq to "secure Israel," and that "everybody" knows it.

Jewish-Zionist plans to overthrow the Iraqi regime by force were already in place well before George W. Bush became president, Weber noted. A small but well-placed group of pro-war Zionist "neoconservatives" in the Bush administration played a decisive role in prodding the US to war.

Americans have already paid a high price for the US alliance with Israel. This includes tens of billions of dollars in economic and military aid to the Jewish state, the cost of the Iraq war and occupation, now more than \$100 billion, and the deaths of more than a thousand Americans there. Directly and

indirectly, America's "special relationship" with Israel has also generated unprecedented distrust, fear and loathing of the United States around the world.

'Self-Delusion, Wishful Thinking and Arrogance'

Predicting that the cost will certainly increase in the years to come, Weber pointed to the growing danger of war with Iran. He cited Israel's threat to attack the country if it builds a nuclear reactor, and Iran's vow to retaliate forcefully against any such assault. The US could easily be drawn into such a conflict, which likely would be much more destructive than the Iraq war.

Even as President Bush keeps assuring everyone that things are getting better in Iraq, journalists on the scene and independent analysts warn that the US hold on the country is slipping, and that the anti-American insurgency is growing.

Disaster is inevitable, said Weber, as Washington's deluded Iraq policy clashes with reality. But an even greater catastrophe is coming, he continued, because US foreign policy generally, and especially in the Middle East, has been one of "self-delusion, wishful thinking and arrogance." Inevitably, he said, it will collide with "reality, common sense and justice."

Delusion and arrogance in US foreign policy is nothing new, said Weber. He cited the American declaration of war against Germany in 1917, which President Wilson said was necessary to make the world "safe for democracy," and President Roosevelt's World War II pledge that the defeat of the Axis powers would usher in a new world order of permanent peace, supervised by the United Nations and based on a trusting alliance of the United States and the Soviet Union.

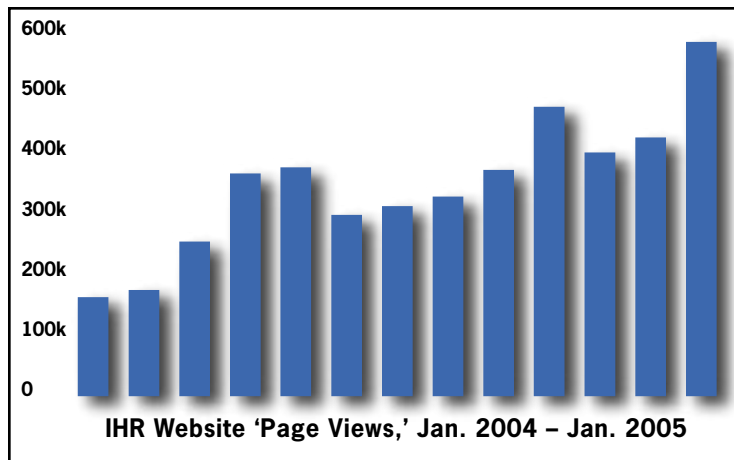
During the Cold War era (1947 to 1991) the two great world powers were the US and Soviet Union. The United States could avoid catastrophic consequences of a self-righteous, arrogant and deluded foreign policy, said Weber, because nearly the entire world feared Soviet domination more than it did American hegemony.

In recent years, said Weber, a new "bi-polar" world has been emerging, with the United States and Israel on one side, and the rest of the world on the other. This is reflected in nearly universal rejection of US and Israeli policies, and in numerous votes in the United Nations, where the US and Israel are isolated. The United States and Israel increasingly

regard the rest of the world as “out of step,” while most of the world views the US and Israel with mounting distrust, hostility and fear.

The US alliance with Israel, which is contrary to authentic American interests, is an expression of the powerful Jewish-Zionist role in American political and cultural life. American policy is so tightly in the grip of politicians who are beholden to Jewish-Zionist power, and so committed to Israel, that regardless of who wins the presidential election in November, there will be no fundamental change in US policy. Exposing and countering this power, concluded Weber, is a task of the greatest importance, for America and humanity.

IHR Website Traffic: New Records



Monthly traffic on the IHR website — www.ihr.org — grew strongly during the past year, increasing more than three times between January 2004 and January 2005.

The IHR site now attracts more visitors than the sites of more prominent and better funded organizations, including the American Historical Association, the Organization of American Historians, the Washington Report on Middle East Affairs, the World Jewish Congress, the American Jewish Committee, the American Israel Public Affairs Committee, and the David S. Wyman Institute for Holocaust Studies.

The IHR website’s eye-catching home page provides a round-up of current news and commentary items, updated every two or three days, and includes regular reports on the IHR’s work and impact. With its tremendous library and archives, the site also serves as a great learning center, informing and educating people around the clock and around the world. New material is continually being added to

the site. Through its “Audio Archive” section many thousands of visitors listen to talks at IHR meetings and conferences, and more.

Holocaust Center Targets IHR in Annual Report

A new report by a major Zionist research center prominently but critically highlights the work of the Institute for Historical Review. “Holocaust Denial: A Global Survey – 2004,” the annual year-end report of the David S. Wyman Institute for Holocaust Studies, underscores, once again, the remarkable impact of the IHR on society at large.

“Holocaust deniers in the United States,” the survey begins, “continued their efforts to gain a measure of respectability in 2004, and benefited from the willingness of several individuals of prominence to associate with them.” The report then cites the IHR meeting in Arlington, Virginia, and notes that a former aide to Patrick J. Buchanan introduced IHR director Weber at the event.

The survey also reports, although in a critical and distorted way, on the IHR Conference in Sacramento in April; the IHR meeting in southern California on October 2; some of the radio appearances by the IHR director during the first half of 2004; and on the publicity generated by the publication in May of an IHR display ad in *The Nation*.

In the lengthy report, no other dissident history research or publishing center receives anything like the attention devoted to the IHR.

News releases based on the Wyman Institute survey and headlined “Former Senior Aide to Pat Buchanan Spoke at Holocaust-Deniers’ Meeting” were issued by “U.S. Newswire” and “Israel National News.” Each release began with a mention of the IHR meeting in Arlington: “Peter Gemma, a senior staff member of Pat Buchanan’s 2000 presidential campaign, spoke at a February 19, 2004, meeting in Virginia of the Institute for Historical Review, the leading Holocaust-denial organization in the United States. Gemma introduced the evening’s keynote speaker, IHR director Mark Weber.”

Mark Dankof, a Lutheran pastor and current affairs analyst, responded to the Wyman center’s distortions with an open letter to its director.

“I saw your coverage of the IHR meeting in Arlington, and the accompanying commentary about the presence there of a man with connections to Pat Buchanan,” wrote Dankof.

“I was present myself that evening in Arlington.

I attended personally to evaluate Mark Weber and IHR for the first time without filtering through third parties. Frankly, I believe Mr. Weber made a compelling case that night for the Israeli-driven character of the current neo-conservative crusade in Iraq under the auspices of Richard Perle, Paul Wolfowitz, David Wurmser, and others. His information dovetails with that found on Lew Rockwell.com, Antiwar.com, BATR, or any number of other American libertarian and paleo-conservative news sites of responsible orientation. For that matter, the documentation Mr. Weber utilized that evening coincides with that found regularly in the mainstream European press.

“The other presentations [at the meeting] in Arlington on the Zundel deportation to Canada and the social-cultural-political implications of America’s changing demographic landscape were similarly non-rabid and well reasoned. From reading your report, one would have had the impression that the material covered and the people present were straight out of Kristallnacht. This is absurd on its face.”

Weber Addresses Irving’s ‘Real History’ Conference


When David Irving invited Mark Weber to address the 2004 “Real History” conference, the British historian suggested the topic: “Where does revisionism go from here, now that we have partially won the battle?”

In his address to the conference, held over Labor Day weekend, Sept. 3-6, at a large, first-class hotel in a suburb of Cincinnati, the IHR director began his review of the state of historical revisionism by rhetorically remarking: “Last things first. Have we, in fact, ‘partially won the battle?’”

Last year, Weber noted, President Bush denounced as “revisionist historians” those skeptics who questioned official US government claims that Iraq had an arsenal of “weapons of mass destruction” that was so large and dangerous that it justified a US invasion and occupation of the country.

“On that occasion,” said Weber, “Bush was unintentionally telling the truth. Those who question government claims, particularly wartime claims, are indeed ‘revisionists’ — that is, skeptics who question dogma, propaganda and political orthodoxy. Regardless of what President Bush and his friends may snidely suggest, the revisionists are right, and revisionism is an honorable and essential feature of any free society.”

UNMASKING ISRAEL'S MOST DANGEROUS MYTHS



In this headline-making work, prominent French scholar Roger Garaudy dissects the historical myths used to justify Zionist aggression and repression, including the legend of a “land without people for a people without land.” *The Founding Myths of Modern Israel*, a readable, thoroughly documented 230-page study, includes a frank assessment of the Zionist lobby in the US, showing how it shapes public opinion and directs US policy on the Middle East. \$16.95, postpaid.

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This IHR advertisement appeared in the main section of the daily *Washington Times* on Sunday, Dec. 5, and Monday, Dec. 6. A similar display ad in the May 3 issue of *The Nation*, a prominent public affairs weekly, generated media attention for the IHR.

With regard to the Iraq war, Weber stressed, “virtually the entire world — that is, apart from the deluded people who believe whatever the US government says — is ‘revisionist’.”

“American political leaders,” Weber also said, “take care to ignore the obvious fact — obvious to nearly the entire world — that murderous hatred of the United States is a product of American policy, and above all, the US ‘special relationship’ with the Zionist state.”

On the narrower subject of Holocaust revisionism, Weber noted a few of the major concessions in recent years by “mainstream” historians to skeptics of the orthodox Holocaust claim of six million Jewish victims, most of them killed in gas chambers.

The revisionist view of “the Holocaust” is objectively correct, said Weber, even if the general public does not realize or understand that.

In that regard, he cited an important article by Fritjof Meyer, a respected foreign policy analyst, author of several books, and managing editor of Germany’s foremost news magazine, *Der Spiegel*.

(See “New ‘Official’ Changes in the Auschwitz Story,” published in the IHR *Journal* of May-August 2002, and posted on the IHR website.)

In his article, published in the May 2002 issue of the scholarly German journal *Osteuropa*, Meyer notes that “official” estimates of the number of Auschwitz deaths have fallen significantly over the years — from four million to one and a half million to several hundreds of thousands. His own estimate is that some 510,000 lost their lives there.

He also discredits the often-cited postwar “testimony” of Auschwitz commandant Rudolf Höss. Perhaps most remarkably, Meyer suggests that Jews were

killed at Auschwitz not as part of a comprehensive extermination program to systematically kill all European Jews, but rather as an exceptional, ad hoc measure to curb the horrific epidemics that were ravaging the camp complex.

Weber also recalled his talk at the 2001 “Real History” conference, in which he reviewed the flawed methodology and deficient evidence presented by Holocaust historians to support the Six Million figure.

(That talk, “Wilhelm Höttl and the Elusive ‘Six Million,’” was published in the *IHR Journal* of Sept.-Dec. 2001, and is posted on the IHR website.)

Weber devoted a few minutes of his address to presenting a new proposal to end the drawn out legal and public relations dispute between the IHR and Willis Carto. Weber privately discussed his proposal with Michael C. Piper, a long-time Carto associate who also addressed the conference. Piper expressed to Weber his general support for the initiative, recalling that he and others had repeatedly urged Carto to peacefully settle the rancorous dispute. At Piper’s request, Weber followed up with a letter laying out the proposal in detail. (Carto declined to give it any serious consideration.)

Piper, in his address to the conference, also spoke about the Carto-IHR dispute. He mentioned Carto’s stubborn refusal to compromise, or to accept any peaceful settlement of the dispute. He said that if Carto had followed his (Piper’s) advice, he would have avoided many of the problems he’s had. Piper also mentioned his own acrimonious rows with Carto.

Irving, the conference organizer and host, introduced the various speakers, and himself gave two important talks. Other conference speakers included:

History professor Philip Supina, who delivered a well-researched overview of public health care and medical science in Third Reich Germany.

Paul Fromm, director of the Canadian Association for Free Expression (CAFE), spoke about the unjust incarceration of German-born free speech activist and publisher Ernst Zundel. (Earlier in the year, Fromm addressed the IHR conference in Sacramento, and the IHR meeting in Arlington.)

Lady Michele Renouf, who lives in London, presented a rough cut of her forthcoming documentary film about Palestine, including an interview with Eric Lowe, a veteran of the British military force that tried to maintain order in British-ruled Palestine prior to the establishment of the Zionist state in May 1948.

Peter N. Kirstein, a history professor at Saint Xavier University (Chicago), related the difficulties he’s had to contend with for speaking out against the Iraq war.

Exploiting The Holocaust For Political Advantage

“The Shoah [the ‘Holocaust’] is frequently exploited in America and Israel to deflect and forbid any criticism of Israel. Indeed, the Holocaust of Europe’s Jews is nowadays exploited thrice over: It gives American Jews in particular a unique, retrospective ‘victim identity’; it allows Israel to trump any other nation’s sufferings (and justify its own excesses) with the claim that the Jewish catastrophe was unique and incomparable; and (in contradiction to the first two) it is adduced as an all-purpose metaphor for evil — anywhere, everywhere and always — and taught to school children all over America and Europe without any reference to context or cause. This modern instrumentalization of the Holocaust for political advantage is ethically disreputable and politically imprudent.”

— Tony Judt, director of the Remarque Institute at New York University. “Goodbye To All That?,” *The Nation* (New York), Jan. 3, 2005, p. 17.

Universally Reviled

“The Bush administration, in particular, seems almost universally reviled [here] in England... At Oxbridge, I find myself regularly cornered both by distinguished literature professors and maintenance staff workers who want to tell me what’s wrong with the American government... The war in Iraq, and the Bush administration’s perceived slight of its European allies, has brought into sharp relief some longstanding and pervasive complaints — real and imagined — about America: its crass materialism, class inequities, alleged contempt for multilateralism and violent street culture...”

“I have been shocked to discover that anti-American sentiment — clearly intensified by the Iraq war — is often laced with the kind of subtle, dinner-party anti-Semitism that once pervaded Ivy League universities at home, and that hostility toward Israel, the United States and Jews — across space and time — often get jumbled into one general argument. Even in polite conversation, one is apt to hear smart people speculating about the pervasive influence that Jews exercise over the American media and foreign-policy establishment.”

— Henry Raymond in “Expatriate Teaching,” *The Chronicle of Higher Education*, Nov. 5, 2004.

FREE ERNST ZUNDEL!

Canada's Number One 'Thought Criminal'

For nearly two years now, Canadian authorities have been holding Ernst Zundel in solitary confinement on the pretext that he is a threat to national security. In fact, this 65-year-old German-born publisher, author and civil rights activist is a peaceful man with no record of violence.

He is behind bars solely because of his views, and especially his dissident views about the "Holocaust." He is Canada's most prominent political prisoner and "thought criminal."

Zundel was arrested at his home in Tennessee on Feb. 5, 2003, and two weeks later was deported to Canada. He was arrested for an alleged violation of immigration regulations, even though he had entered the US legally, was married to an American citizen, and was acting diligently, and in full accord with the law, to secure status as a permanent legal resident.

His arrest and detention have generated wide media attention, and several Canadian newspapers, including Toronto's prestigious *Globe and Mail*, have editorially protested his imprisonment.

Jewish-Zionist groups are demanding that Zundel be deported to Germany, where he faces years of imprisonment for the "thought crime" of "denying the Holocaust." ("Holocaust denial" is against the law in Germany, France, Switzerland and some other European countries.)

Zundel is in prison not because his views are unpopular, or because he's a "security risk." He's in prison because Jewish-Zionist groups want him there. He's a prisoner because he promotes views that the Jewish-Zionist lobby considers harmful to its interests.

This lobby is the decisive, critical factor in the decades-old campaign to silence him. The only sustained and institutionalized effort to imprison him has come from this lobby, which includes the Simon Wiesenthal Center, the Canadian Jewish Congress, the Canadian Holocaust Remembrance Association, and the League for Human Rights of B'nai B'rith (with the Anti-Defamation League, its counterpart in the US).

Zundel is perhaps best known as a defendant in two great "Holocaust Trials" in Toronto, 1985 and 1988. He was brought to court on a charge of "publishing false news" by reprinting a booklet, *Did Six Million Really Die?* In those trials, Zundel and his team presented detailed evidence refuting the standard "Holocaust" extermination story. Although he was found guilty and sentenced to nine months imprisonment, the country's highest tribunal over-

turned the verdict. On appeal, Canada's Supreme Court threw out the conviction, declaring on August 27, 1992, that the archaic "false news" law under which he had been convicted was a violation of the country's Charter of Rights.

Among the Canadians who have spoken out against Zundel's unjust treatment is Bill Dunphy, a veteran investigative journalist and editor for the daily *Hamilton Spectator*. He spent six years probing Canada's "white supremacist" movement, and got to know Zundel personally. Although he has no sympathy for Zundel's views, in a column (May 14, 2003) he boldly told readers:



"Our government has seized and branded Ernst Zundel, stripped him of his human rights, tried him in secret and found him wanting, and will now hand him over to a foreign government anxious to throw him in jail... Zundel — who did this country a favour by wiping off the books our disgraceful False News laws — has never once been convicted of a criminal offence in this country, never once found to have violated the hate crime laws that rest snugly around the throat of free expression in this country.

"Calculating correctly that there was no political cost, no 'down side' to slipping on the jackboots to kick a reviled old man out of our country, our government cobbled together their best insults and innuendo, and Lord knows what secret 'evidence,' and branded Ernst Zundel a threat to national security.

"I know this man, his local and international contacts and I know this movement. And after reading the 58-page 'unclassified' summary of the government's case, I can assure you there is no justice here. Their 'evidence' is riddled with errors and misinformation, hearsay and inflammatory innuendo. Dead men walk again, and the shattered bits of shoddy secret networks long since collapsed under the weight of their own ineptitude are made whole and menacing once again. It is a shameful piece of dishonest, unreliable tripe."

In the view of Paul Fromm, director of the Canadian Association for Free Expression (CAFE), Zundel is "quite literally a political prisoner. He is being held in solitary confinement solely for the non-violent expression of his political views." The allegation that Zundel might be a threat to national security "is mischievous nonsense," says Fromm. "Zundel has been politically active in Canada for 40 years. He's a public figure. His writings and speeches are available on-line. He's been investigated for years by the police. He's an open book. Zundel has never advocated or practiced violence, nor have his followers. He's a pacifist and a publisher."



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